
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME : PLASTIC WOOD
 UPC NUMBER : 7079821400, 7079821404, 7079821408, 7079821420,
 7079821424, 7079821430, 7079821434, 7079821500,
 7079821502, 7079821504, 7079821506, 7079821508,
 7079821144, 7422108501, 7422108511, 7422108514,
 7422108521, 7422108535, 7422108552, 7422108553,
 PRODUCT USE/CLASS : Wood Filler

MANUFACTURER: DAP INC.
 2400 BOSTON STREET
 BALTIMORE, MD 21224

24 HOUR EMERGENCY:
 TRANSPORTATION: 1-800-535-5053 (352-323-3500)
 MEDICAL : 1-800-327-3874 (513-558-5111)

PREPARE DATE: 11/1/1999 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 REVISION NO.: 2 DAP INC. : 1-888-DAP-TIPS (1-888-327-8477)
 REVISION DATE: 03/09/2001

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % RANGE
01	Isopropanol	67-63-0	1.0-5.0 %
02	Acetone	67-64-1	30.0-35.0 %
03	n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	5.0-10.0 %
04	Cellulose nitrate	9004-34-6	5.0-10.0 %

----- EXPOSURE LIMITS -----

ITEM	ACGIH		OSHA		COMPANY	
	TLV-TWA	TLV-STEL	PEL-TWA	PEL-CEILING	TLV-TWA	SKIN
01	400 ppm	500 ppm	400 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
02	750 ppm	1000 ppm	750 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
03	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
04	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	NO

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

Remaining ingredients are not considered hazardous per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

Listed Permissible Exposure Levels (PEL) are from the U.S. Dept. of Labor OSHA Final Rule Limits (CFR 29 1910.1000); limits may vary between states.

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: DANGER! Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor harmful. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Removal of this product after use will result in the generation of dust. If dry-sanded, exposure to dust may result in build-up of material in eyes, ears, nose, and mouth which may cause irritation.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: May cause eye irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Vapor harmful if inhaled.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: This material may be harmful or fatal if swallowed. If ingested this product may cause vomiting, diarrhea, and depressed respiration.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Reports have associated permanent brain and nervous system damage with prolonged and repeated occupational overexposure to solvents. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin can cause defatting of the skin which may lead to dermatitis. Inhalation of dust may result in pulmonary and respiratory damages.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY CONTACT: None known.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT INHALATION

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Flush with large quantities of water until irritation subsides.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash with soap and water.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

COMMENTS: Call 1-800-327-3874 if irritation persists or complications arise from any of the above exposures.

(Continued on Page 3)

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: <20 F
(SETAFLASH CLOSED CUP)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: N.E.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CO2 DRY CHEMICAL FOAM

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Extremely Flammable. Material will readily ignite at room temperatures. Containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Eliminate sources of ignition: heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and flames. Do not put in contact with oxidizing or caustic materials.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended to protect from combustion products. Cool exposed containers with water.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING INFORMATION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapors. Use only in a well ventilated area.

STORAGE INFORMATION: Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers from excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal. Do not take internally.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (local or general exhaust) to maintain exposure below PEL and TLV. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Check all low areas (basements, sumps, etc.) for vapor before entering. Provide eyewash and solvent impervious apron if body contact may occur.

(Continued on Page 4)

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If 8 hour exposure limit or value is exceeded for any component, use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator. Consult your safety equipment supplier and the OSHA regulation, 29 CFR 1910.134 for respirator requirements. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

SKIN PROTECTION: Solvent impervious gloves.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Provide eyewash and solvent impervious apron if body contact may occur.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use only in a well ventilated area.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE	: N.E.	VAPOR DENSITY	: Is heavier than air
ODOR	: Strong solvent		
APPEARANCE	: Wood paste	EVAPORATION RATE:	Is faster than Butyl Acetate
SOLUBILITY IN H2O	: Negligible		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	: 1.1901		
VAPOR PRESSURE	: 185 mm Hg @ 68 F.		
PHYSICAL STATE	: Paste		

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizers and caustics.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e. COx, NOx

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

(Continued on Page 5)

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

No product or component toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Information Available.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE MANAGEMENT/DISPOSAL: Recycle or incinerate at an EPA approved facility or dispose in compliance with Federal, State, and local regulations. Do not reuse empty containers. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

EPA WASTE CODE - If discarded (40 CFR 261): None, yields no liquid component when evaluated by EPA method 1311 (TCLP)

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (Contains acetone)
(Consumer Commodity*)

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 3(ORM-D*)

DOT UN/NA NUMBER: UN 1993(NONE*) PACKING GROUP: III(NONE*)

* For containers of 1 gallon or less

NOTE: the shipping information provided is applicable for domestic ground transport only. Different categorization may apply if shipped via other modes of transportation and / or non-domestic transport.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

(Continued on Page 6)

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % RANGE
None.		

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
Isopropanol	67-63-0
Acetone	67-64-1
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4
dinonyl phthalate (branched and linear isomers)	68515-45-7
diheptyl phthalate (branched and linear isomers)	68515-44-6
di(heptyl, nonyl) phthalate (branched and linear isomers)	111381-89-6
lead	7439-92-1

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3
Glycerol rosin ester	NJTSRN 618608-5072P

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3
Glycerol rosin ester	Proprietary

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: The chemical(s) noted below and contained in this product, are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
None.	

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: No information available.

(Continued on Page 7)

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS - HEALTH: 2 FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0

PREVIOUS MSDS REVISION DATE: 08/22/2000

VOC less water, less exempt solvent: 325-230 g/L (18.0-20.0%)
(where acetone is exempt)

LEGEND: ACGIH - AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS
N.A. - NOT APPLICABLE
N.E. - NOT ESTABLISHED
PEL - PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT
NTP - NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM
SARA - SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986
STEL - SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT
TLV - THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE(8 HR. TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE OR TWA)
VOC - VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND
NJRTK - NEW JERSEY RIGHT TO KNOW LAW
N.D. - NOT DETERMINED

MSDS# 79201

This data is offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review the recommendations in specific context of the intended use and determine if they are appropriate.

< End OF MSDS >